

CAPSULE SUMMARY

BA-2619

St. Josephs Catholic Church, Parish Hall

8416 Belair Road

Necker, Baltimore County

Circa 1924

Private

Facing southeast, the Parish Hall for St. Joseph's Catholic Church is located near the historic village of Necker and Perry Hall in the Eleventh District of Baltimore County. It was constructed in the late 17th century, the land now encompassed by the community of Perry Hall was a portion of the land granted to George Lingan. In 1775, Henry Dorsey Gough purchased the estate and renamed it Perry Hall. Belair Road connected Baltimore to the town of Bel Air as the mid-1700s. Dating to the 1730s, Joppa Road connected settlements along the Patapsco River with Joppa, the original Baltimore County seat located on the Big Gunpowder River. The Perry Hall estate was located a short distance to the north of the intersection of these two important Colonial period roads. This set the area on a course for development as a crossroads community.

The Parish Hall, is sited close to Belair Road in a suburban setting. A paved parking area surrounds the building. The one-and-a-half-story, five-bay-wide building is constructed of coursed smooth-faced ashlar of random sizes. Access to the building is through three replacement double-leaf flush metal doors. The two side doors are illuminated with 2-light transoms. The center door is flanked by window openings filled in with cinderblocks. Each opening has a concrete block arched lintel and a concrete sill. The slightly projecting bays on the ends feature two false windows with concrete sills and lug lintels. The gable-on-hipped roof is clad with asphalt shingles and features overhanging eaves. Rising above the roof is one interior-end stone chimney, and one large shed-roof dormer with three multi-light casement wood windows. Associated with this building is a circa 1975 education building. It stands one-and-a-half stories and measures four bays wide. It is wood frame clad with vertical-board siding.

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. BA-2619

1. Name of Property (indicate preferred name)

historic Parish Hall of St. Joseph's Catholic Church
other

2. Location

street and number 8416 Belair Road not for publication
city, town Necker vicinity
county Baltimore County

3. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name William H. Keeler, Reverend
street and number 300 Cathedral Street telephone Not Available
city, town Baltimore state MD zip code 21202

4. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Baltimore County Courthouse tax map and parcel: 71, 490
city, town Towson liber 9737 folio 159

5. Primary Location of Additional Data

- ☐ Contributing Resource in National Register District
☐ Contributing Resource in Local Historic District
☐ Determined Eligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
☐ Determined Ineligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
☐ Recorded by HABS/HAER
☐ Historic Structure Report or Research Report
☐ Other

6. Classification

Category	Ownership	Current Function	Resource Count
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	Contributing Noncontributing
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce/trade	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> buildings
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> defense	<input type="checkbox"/> recreation/culture
<input type="checkbox"/> site		<input type="checkbox"/> domestic	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> object		<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> social
		<input type="checkbox"/> funerary	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
		<input type="checkbox"/> government	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress
		<input type="checkbox"/> health care	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 0
		<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> unknown
			<input type="checkbox"/> vacant/not in use
			<input type="checkbox"/> other:
			<input type="checkbox"/> Total
			Number of Contributing Resources previously listed in the Inventory
			<input type="checkbox"/> 1

7. Description

Inventory No. BA-2619

Condition

<input type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> altered

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Parish Hall, is sited close to Belair Road in a suburban setting. A paved parking area surround the building. The one-and-a-half-story, five-bay-wide building is constructed of coursed smooth-faced ashlar of random sizes. Access to the building is through three replacement double-leaf flush metal doors. The two side doors are illuminated with 2-light transoms. The center door is flanked by window openings filled in with cinderblocks. Each opening has a concrete block arched lintel and a concrete sills. The slightly projecting bays on the ends feature two false windows with concrete sills and lug lintels. The gable-on-hipped roof is clad with asphalt shingles and features overhanging eaves. Rising above the roof is one interior-end stone chimney, and one large shed-roof dormer with three multi-light casement wood windows. Associated with this building is a circa 1975 education building. It stands one-and-a-half stories and measures four bays wide. It is wood frame clad with vertical-board siding.

8. Significance

Inventory No. BA-2619

Period	Areas of Significance	Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> health/medicine	<input type="checkbox"/> performing arts	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> invention	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-1999	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment/ recreation	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion	
<input type="checkbox"/> 2000-	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> ethnic heritage	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science	
	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/ settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> social history	
	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning		<input type="checkbox"/> maritime industry	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation	
	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation		<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other:	

Specific dates 1924 **Architect/Builder** unknown

Construction dates 1924

Evaluation for:

☐ National Register

☐ Maryland Register

☒ not evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance reports, complete evaluation on a DOE Form - see manual.)

Facing southeast, the Parish Hall for St. Joseph's Catholic Church is located near the historic village of Necker and Perry Hall in the Eleventh District of Baltimore County. It was constructed in the late 17th century, the land now encompassed by the community of Perry Hall was a portion of the land granted to George Ligan. In 1775, Henry Dorsey Gough purchased the estate and renamed it Perry Hall. Belair Road connected Baltimore to the town of Bel Air as the mid-1700s. Dating to the 1730s, Joppa Road connected settlements along the Patapsco River with Joppa, the original Baltimore County seat located on the Big Gunpowder River. The Perry Hall estate was located a short distance to the north of the intersection of these two important Colonial period roads. This set the area on a course for development as a crossroads community.(1)

By the mid-19th century, the lands associated with Perry Hall had been greatly subdivided. The 1850 county atlas shows at least nine residential structures located between the two rivers. In addition to these, three taverns clustered around the center of the community near the intersection of Joppa and Belair Roads. Between 1850 and the mid-1870s, the community grew considerably. From nine residential structures in 1850, the town grew to include at least thirty-seven dwellings in 1877. This number continued to increase, for the county history published shortly thereafter records the population as fifty inhabitants. At this time, there was a general store, two blacksmith shops, a schoolhouse, three churches, and tavern, and sawmill in the small settlement. In addition, settlements developed in towns in the vicinity of the Belair/Joppa Road intersection. Although this area was still rural in its agricultural character, it was maintaining a rapid rate of development throughout the second half of the 19th century.(2) Perry Hall is now a suburb of Baltimore City. St. Joseph's Catholic Church is denoted on the 1877 Hopkins Atlas and the 1915 Bromley Atlas.(3) The Parish Hall was constructed circa 1924 along Belair Road.

ENDNOTES

1. William B. Marye, "The Old Indian Road," Maryland Historical Magazine 15 (1920): pp. 208-213; see also "The New Perry Hall School," Federation PTA News 6 (April 1930): p. 1, and E. Frances Offutt, Baltimore County Landmarks (Towson, MD: Baltimore County Public Library, 1971), p. 46-48.
2. Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland (Philadelphia: G. M. Hopkins, 1877), 61.
3. Hopkins Atlas; Map of Baltimore County (Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915).

9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. BA-2619

See continuation sheet.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property 1.00 acre

Acreage of historical setting unknown

Quadrangle name White Marsh

Quadrangle scale 1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification

The Parish Hall of St. Joseph's Catholic Church, constructed in 1924, is located at 8416 Belair Road in the Eleventh District of Baltimore County. It has historically been associated with Tax map 71 parcel 490 since its construction.

11. Form Prepared By

name/title K. Baynard & J. Riggle, Architectural Historians

organization E.H.T. Traceries

date 8/22/02

street and number 1121 5th Street NW

telephone 202/393-1199

city or town Washington

state DC zip code 20001

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
DHCD/DHCP
100 Community Place
Crownsville MD 21032
410-514-7600

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. BA-2619

Name Parish Hall of St. Joseph's Catholic School

Continuation Sheet

Number 9 Page 1

Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland. Philadelphia, PA: G. M. Hopkins, 1877.

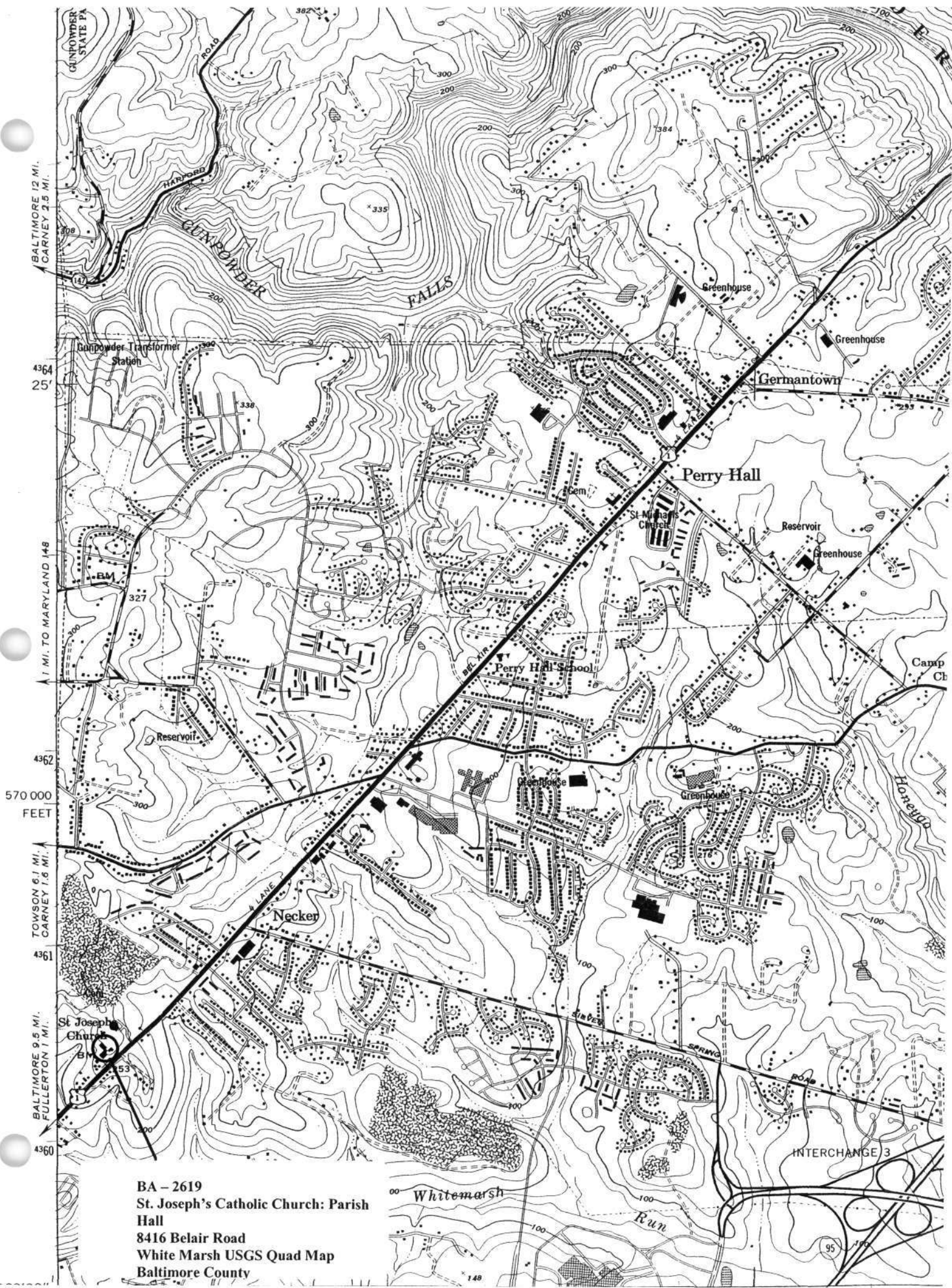
Baltimore County Historic Inventory.

Brooks, Neal A. and Eric G. Rockel. A History of Baltimore County. Towson, MD: Friends of the Towson Library, Inc., 1979.

Map of Baltimore County. Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915.

Scharf, J. Thomas. History of Baltimore City and County From the Earliest Period to the Present Day: Including Biographical Sketches of Their Representative Men. Philadelphia, PA: Louis H. Everts, 1881. Reprinted by Higginson Book Company, Salem, MA.

Sidney, J. C. Map of the City and County of Baltimore, Maryland, from Original Surveys. Baltimore, MD: James M. Stephens, 1850.



BA - 2619
St. Joseph's Catholic Church: Parish
Hall
8416 Belair Road
White Marsh USGS Quad Map
Baltimore County



BA-2619

PARISH HALL OF ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC CHURCH

8416 BELAIR ROAD

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRACERIES

8/2002

MD SHPO

SOUTHEAST ELEVATION

1 OF 2



BA-2619

PARISH HALL OF ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC CHURCH

8416 BELAIR ROAD

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRACERIES

8/2002

MD SHPO

NORTHEAST ELEVATION

2 of 2

CAPSULE SUMMARY
BA-2619
St. Joseph's Parish Hall
8416 Belair Road
Baltimore, Baltimore County
1924
Private

According to prior documentation, St. Joseph's Parish Hall was designed by architect Francis E. Tormey and constructed in 1924. Located in the vicinity of the Perry Hall community, the parish hall dates to an early 20th century period of suburbanization on the northeast side of Baltimore City. In the late 17th century, the land now encompassed by the community of Perry Hall was a portion of the land granted to George Lingan. In 1775, Henry Dorsey Gough purchased the estate and renamed it Perry Hall. Belair Road connected Baltimore to the town of Bel Air as the mid-1700s. Dating to the 1730s, Joppa Road connected settlements along the Patapsco River with Joppa, the original Baltimore County seat located on the Big Gunpowder River. By the mid-19th century, the lands associated with Perry Hall had been greatly subdivided. The 1850 county atlas shows at least nine residential structures located between the two rivers. In addition to these, three taverns clustered around the center of the community near the intersection of Joppa and Belair Roads. Between 1850 and the mid-1870s, the community grew considerably. From nine residential structures in 1850, the town grew to include at least thirty-seven dwellings in 1877. This number continued to increase, for the county history published shortly thereafter records the population as fifty inhabitants. At this time, there was a general store, two blacksmith shops, a schoolhouse, three churches, and tavern, and sawmill in the small settlement. In addition, settlements developed in towns in the vicinity of the Belair/Joppa Road intersection. Although this area was still rural in its agricultural character, it was maintaining a rapid rate of development throughout the second half of the 19th century. Perry Hall is now a suburb of Baltimore City.

Constructed circa 1924, this building fronts southeast and is surrounded by a large paved parking lot. The parish hall is associated with a larger campus of non-historic buildings collectively known as St. Joseph's. The one-and-a-half-story structure consists of random ashlar-cut stone and spans nine-bays wide. The gable-on-hip roof features asphalt shingles, flared eaves, and a shed roof dormer. Three twenty-one light windows, each with a central, six-light awning window, pierce the dormer. The central five-bays of the façade are recessed and pierced with three double-leaf, flush metal doors with lights. The two end entrances have round-arched two-light transoms. The central entry, flanked by two round-arched windows with formstone infill, also has a round-arched transom but with formstone infill. All five of the bays have round-arched stone lintels and the windows have stone sills. The four outer bays each have a blind window opening with stone sills. Projecting to the rear is a circa 1965 concrete block addition with a stone veneer that has an L-shape footprint.

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. BA-2619

1. Name of Property (indicate preferred name)

historic St. Joseph's Parish Hall

other

2. Location

street and number 8416 Belair Road not for publication

city, town Baltimore vicinity

county Baltimore County

3. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name Not Available

street and number Not Available

telephone Not Available

city, town Not Available

state MD

zip code Not Available

4. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Baltimore County Courthouse liber Not Available folio Not Available

city, town Towson tax map N/A tax parcel N/A tax ID number Not Available

5. Primary Location of Additional Data

- ☐ Contributing Resource in National Register District
☐ Contributing Resource in Local Historic District
☐ Determined Eligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
☐ Determined Ineligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
☐ Recorded by HABS/HAER
☐ Historic Structure Report or Research Report at MHT
☐ Other: _____

6. Classification

Category	Ownership	Current Function		Resource Count	
<input type="checkbox"/> district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape	Contributing	Noncontributing
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce/trade	<input type="checkbox"/> recreation/culture	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 buildings
<input type="checkbox"/> structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/> defense	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> religion	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> sites
<input type="checkbox"/> site		<input type="checkbox"/> domestic	<input type="checkbox"/> social		<input type="checkbox"/> structures
<input type="checkbox"/> object		<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation		<input type="checkbox"/> objects
		<input type="checkbox"/> funerary	<input type="checkbox"/> work in progress	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 Total
		<input type="checkbox"/> government	<input type="checkbox"/> unknown		
		<input type="checkbox"/> health care	<input type="checkbox"/> vacant/not in use		
		<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> other:		
				Number of Contributing Resources previously listed in the Inventory	
				1	

7. Description

Inventory No. BA-2619

Condition

<input type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> altered

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Constructed circa 1924, this building fronts southeast and is surrounded by a large paved parking lot. The parish hall is associated with a larger campus of non-historic buildings collectively known as St. Joseph's. The one-and-a-half-story structure consists of random ashlar-cut stone and spans nine-bays wide. The gable-on-hip roof features asphalt shingles, flared eaves, and a shed roof dormer. Three twenty-one light windows, each with a central, six-light awning window, pierce the dormer. The central five-bays of the façade are recessed and pierced with three double-leaf, flush metal doors with lights. The two end entrances have round-arched two-light transoms. The central entry, flanked by two round-arched windows with formstone infill, also has a round-arched transom but with formstone infill. All five of the bays have round-arched stone lintels and the windows have stone sills. The four outer bays each have a blind window opening with stone sills. Projecting to the rear is a circa 1965 concrete block addition with a stone veneer that has an L-shape footprint.

Located to far to the northwest is a cemetery with approximately 400 grave markers facing southeast in line with the road. The older section is located on a hill with irregularly placed marble headstones. The newer headstones made with granite are located closer to the southeast side. The cemetery dates to the founding of the church in circa 1870 and is still in use. Some of the family names include Butt, Cook, Bruckner, Gerst, Raab, and Haut.

Located between the cemetery and the parish hall is a circa 1970 church. This octagonal building has a flat roof with a central spire. It stands two-stories in height and is clad with a five-course Flemish bond brick veneer. It features a two-story stone entrance portico and rectangular stained-glass windows.

Next to the church is a circa 1970 office building. This two-story building is seven-bays wide with a flat roof. It is clad with five-course Flemish bond brick and stacked header bond brick spandrels.

Also on this campus is a circa 1975 hall that is one-story in height and three-bays wide. This concrete block building is clad with a stretcher bond brick veneer on the façade. The roof is an asphalt shingled side gable.

Located to the west of the historic parish hall is a circa 1960-1970 Scout building. Used for meetings of the Boy and Girl Scouts of America, this rounded A-frame structure has a concrete block foundation and pressed vertical board siding. A one-story gabled wing projects to the rear.

8. Significance

Inventory No. BA-2619

Period	Areas of Significance	Check and justify below		
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> health/medicine	<input type="checkbox"/> performing arts
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy
<input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> invention	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-1999	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment/ recreation	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 2000-	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> ethnic heritage	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science
	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/ settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> social history
	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning		<input type="checkbox"/> maritime history	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation		<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other:

Specific dates

Architect/Builder Unknown

Construction dates

Evaluation for:

☐ National Register

☐ Maryland Register

☒ not evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

According to prior documentation, St. Joseph's Parish Hall was designed by architect Francis E. Tormey and constructed in 1924.¹ Located in the vicinity of the Perry Hall community, the parish hall dates to an early 20th century period of suburbanization on the northeast side of Baltimore City. In the late 17th century, the land now encompassed by the community of Perry Hall was a portion of the land granted to George Lingan. In 1775, Henry Dorsey Gough purchased the estate and renamed it Perry Hall. Belair Road connected Baltimore to the town of Bel Air as the mid-1700s. Dating to the 1730s, Joppa Road connected settlements along the Patapsco River with Joppa, the original Baltimore County seat located on the Big Gunpowder River. The Perry Hall estate was located a short distance to the north of the intersection of these two important Colonial period roads. This set the area on a course for development as a crossroads community.² By the mid-19th century, the lands associated with Perry Hall had been greatly subdivided. The 1850 county atlas shows at least nine residential structures located between the two rivers. In addition to these, three taverns clustered around the center of the community near the intersection of Joppa and Belair Roads. Between 1850 and the mid-1870s, the community grew considerably. From nine residential structures in 1850, the town grew to include at least thirty-seven dwellings in 1877. This number continued to increase, for the county history published shortly thereafter records the population as fifty inhabitants. At this time, there was a general store, two blacksmith shops, a schoolhouse, three churches, and tavern, and sawmill in the small settlement. In addition, settlements developed in towns in the vicinity of the Belair/Joppa Road intersection. Although this area was still rural in its agricultural character, it was maintaining a rapid rate of development throughout the second half of the 19th century.³ Perry Hall is now a suburb of Baltimore City.

¹ Baltimore County Historic Inventory.

² William B. Marye, "The Old Indian Road," *Maryland Historical Magazine* 15 (1920): pp. 208-213; see also "The New Perry Hall School," *Federation PTA News* 6 (April 1930): p. 1, and E. Frances Offutt, *Baltimore County Landmarks* (Towson, MD: Baltimore County Public Library, 1971), p. 46-48.

³ *Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland* (Philadelphia: G. M. Hopkins, 1877), 61.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. BA-2619

- Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland.* Philadelphia, PA: G. M. Hopkins, 1877.
Baltimore County Historic Inventory.
Brooks, Neal A. and Eric G. Rockel. *A History of Baltimore County.* Towson, MD: Friends of the Towson Library, Inc., 1979.
Map of Baltimore County. Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915.
Scharf, J. Thomas. *History of Baltimore City and County From the Earliest Period to the Present Day: Including Biographical Sketches of Their Representative Men.* Philadelphia, PA: Louis H. Everts, 1881. Reprinted by Higginson Book Company, Salem, MA.
Sidney, J. C. *Map of the City and County of Baltimore, Maryland, from Original Surveys.* Baltimore, MD: James M. Stephens, 1850.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property	<u>.50 Acre</u>	
Acreage of historical setting	<u>Unknown</u>	
Quadrangle name	<u>White Marsh</u>	Quadrangle scale: <u>1:24,000</u>

Verbal boundary description and justification

Since its construction in 1924, St. Joseph's Parish Hall has been associated with the acreage at 8614 Belair Road in the Eleventh District of Baltimore County

11. Form Prepared by

name/title	A. McDonald and A. Didden, Architectural Historians		
organization	EHT Tracerics, Incorporated	date	May 29, 2001
street & number	1121 5th Street NW	telephone	202.393.1199
city or town	Washington	state	DC

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100 Community Place
Crownsville, MD 21032-2023
410-514-7600

BA 0525
1115 HARFORD ROAD
GLEN ARM
BALTIMORE COUNTY

BA 2625
9534 BELAIR ROAD
PERRY HALL
BALTIMORE COUNTY

BA 2624
9537 BEL AIR ROAD

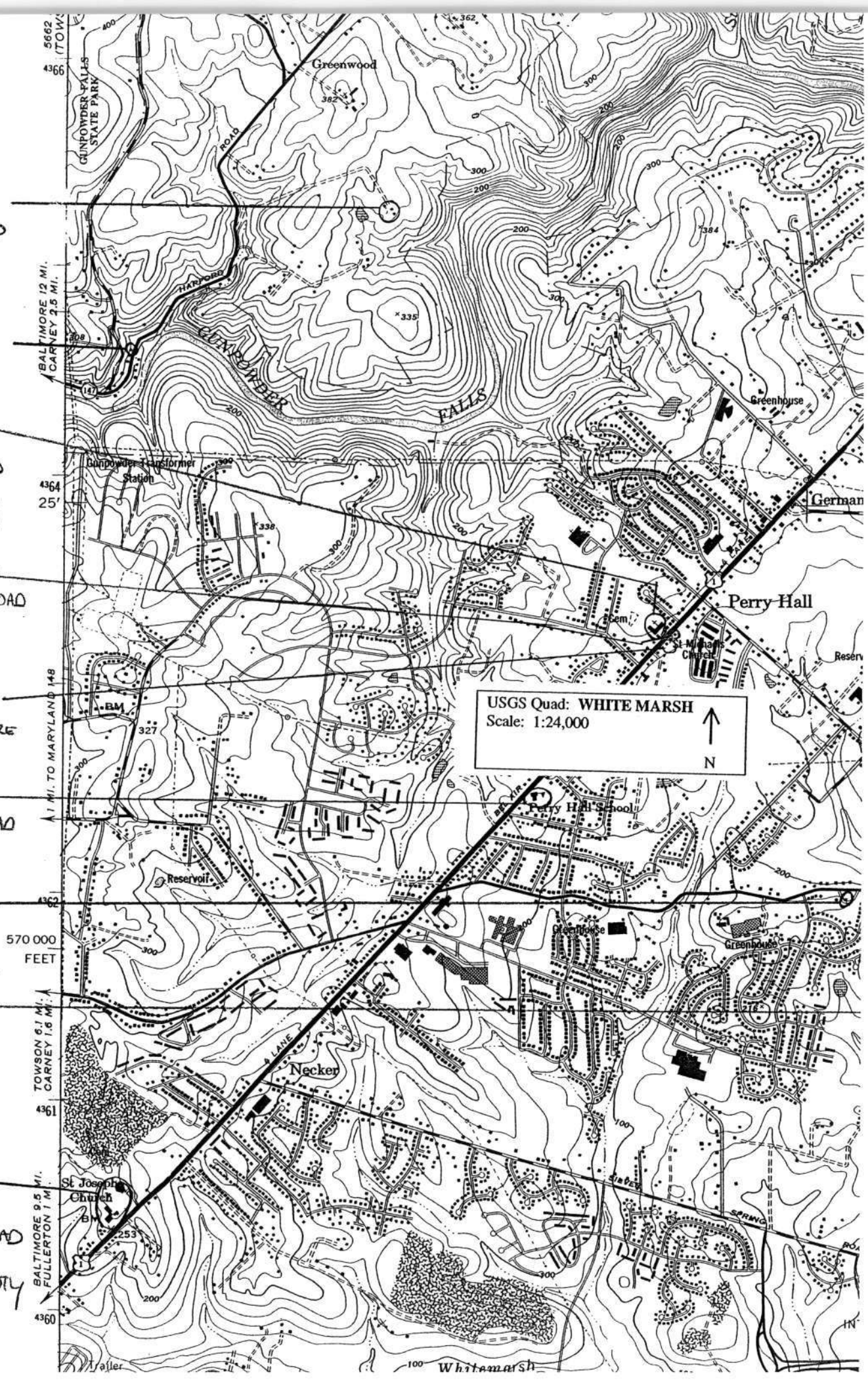
BA 2623
9538 BELAIR ROAD
PERRY HALL, BALTIMORE
COUNTY

BA 2622
9317 BEL AIR ROAD

BA 255
4705 JOPPA
ROAD

BA 356
9025 LOWENTON
AVENUE

BA 2619
6 BELAIR ROAD
BALTIMORE
BALTIMORE COUNTY



USGS Quad: WHITE MARSH
Scale: 1:24,000
N



BA-2619

8416 BELAIR ROAD

BALTIMORE

BALTIMORE COUNTY MD

TRACERITS

4/2001

MD-STATE

S CORNER

1 of 5



BIT-2619

8416 BELAIR ROAD

BALTIMORE

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRAILER LIFTS

4/2001

MD-SHPD

NE ELEVATION

2 of 5



BA-2619

8416 BELAIR ROAD

BALTIMORE

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TERRACES

4/2001

MD-5HPD

NW ELEVATION

3 of 5



BA-2619

8416 BELAIR ROAD

BALTIMORE

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRACERLOS

4/2001

MD-STATE

OFFICE, CHURCH, CEMETERY

4 of 5



BA-2619

8416 BELAIR ROAD

BALTIMORE

BALTIMORE COUNTY MD

TRACERIES

4/2001

MD SHPO

CEMETERY

5 of 5

BA-2619
2621

ST. JOSEPH'S CATHOLIC CHURCH: PARISH HALL - 1925 - 8416
Belair Road, Fullerton. Rustic style, gable-roofed hall
was designed by city architect Francis E. Tormey, Jr.